

## Science Long Term Plan National Curriculum Objectives Route A

	KS1-Route A		
Term	Topic	Currículum Objectíves to be covered	
Autumn 1	Y1 Identífying everyday materíals	NC Year 1-identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock.  NC Year 1- describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.	
Autumn 2	Y1 Identifying animals including humans	NC Year 1-Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.  NC Year 1-identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.	
Spring 1	Y1 Comparing everyday materials	NC Year 1-distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.  NC Year 1-compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.	
Spring 2	Y1 Parts of animals including humans	Balance Year 1- Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets)  Balance Year 1 – Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.	
Summer 1	Y1 Plants	NC Year 1 – identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees.  NC Year 1 – identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.	
Summer 2	Y2 Growing plants	NC Year 2-observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants  NC Year 2- find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.	

		Lower KS2 – Route A
Term	Topic	Curriculum Objectives to be covered
Autumn 1	Y 4 Living things and	NC Year 4- recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways
	their habitats	NC Year 4- explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment
		NC Year 4- recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living Things
Autumn 2	Y3 Movement	NC Year 3- identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat
	and Feeding	NC Year 3- identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement
Spring 1	Y3 What plants need	NC Year 3- explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant.
		NC Year 3- explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.
Spring 2	Y3 Parts of a plant	NC Year 3- Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers
		NC Year 3- investigate the way in which water is transported within plants
Summer 1	Y4 Sound	NC Year 4- identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating
		NC Year 4- recognise that vibrations from sound travel through a medium to the ear
		NC Year 4- find patterns between pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it
		NC Year 4- find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it
		NC Year 4- recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases
Summer 2	Y3 Rocks and Soils	NC Year 3- compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties
		NC Year 3- descríbe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped in rock
		NC Year 3- recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter

	Upper KS2 – Route A		
Term	Topic	Currículum Objectives to be covered	
Autumn 1	Y5 Properties of materials	NC Year 5- compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets  NC Year 5- give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials including metals, woods and plastic	
Autumn 2	Y5 Types of change	NC Year 5- demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes	
		NC Year 5- explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda	
Spring 1	Y6 Electricity	NC Year 6- associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit	
		NC Year 6- compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches	
		NC Year 6- use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram	
Spring 2	Y5 Life Cycles	NC Year 5- descríbe the dífferences in the lífe cycle of a mammal, an amphibían, an insect and a bird	
		NC Year 5- describe the life processes of reproduction in some plants and animals	
		NC Year 5- describe the changes as humans develop to old age	
Summer 1	Y6 Evolution and	NC Year 6- recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago	
	inheritance	NC Year 6- recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents	
		NC Year 6- identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution	
Summer 2	Y6 Our bodies	NC Year 6- identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood	
		NC Year 6- recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function	
		NC Year 6- describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans	



## Science Long Term Plan National Curriculum Objectives Route B

KS1- Route B		
Term	Topic	Currículum Objectíves to be covered
Autumn 1	Y2 uses of everyday materials	NC Year 2- Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials. Including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.
Autumn 2	Y2 Changing shape of everyday materials	NC Year 2- find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.
Spring 1	Y2 Habítats	NC Year 2- identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how habitats provide for their basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants and how they depend on each other.
		NC Year 2- identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitat, including micro-habitats.
Spring	Y1	NC Year 1-observe changes across the four season.
2	Seasonal changes	NC Year 1-observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.
Summer 1	Y2 Healthy lífestyle	NC Year 2- find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air).
		NC Year 2- describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene.
Summer 2	Y2 Living Things	NC Year 2- explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead and things that have never been alive.
		NC Year 2- describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain and identify and name different sources of food.
		NC Year 2-notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults

	Lower KS2 – Route B		
Term	Topic	Currículum Objectives to be covered	
Autumn	Y4	NC Year 4- compare and group materials together according to whether they are	
1	changes of	solids, líquids or gases	
	state	NC Year 4- observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled	
		and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius	
		NC Year 4- identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water	
		cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature	
Autumn	Y4 Human	NC Year 4- describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system	
2	nutrition	in humans	
		NC Year 4- identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple	
		functions	
		NC Year 4- construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers,	
		predators and prey	
Spring 1	Y3	NC Year 3- compare how things move on different surfaces	
E	Magnets	NC Year 3- notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic	
Spring	and forces	forces can act at a distance	
2		NC Year 3- observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some	
		materials and not others	
		NC Year 3- compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis	
		of whether they are attracted to a magnet and identify some magnetic materials	
		NC Year 3- describe magnets as having two poles	
		NC Year 3- predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending	
		on which poles are facing	
Summer	Y4	NC Year 4- identify common appliances that run on electricity	
1	Electricity	NC Year 4- construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its	
		basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers	
		NC Year 4- identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based	
		on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery	
		NC Year 4- recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with	
		whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit	
		NC Year 4- recognise some common conductors and insulators and associate	
		metals with being good conductors	
Summer	үз Light	NC Year 3- recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the	
2	and	absence of light	
	Shadows	NC Year 3- notice that light is reflected from surfaces	
		NC Year 3- recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are	
		ways to protect their eyes	
		NC Year 3- recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is	
		blocked by an opaque object	
		NC Year 3- find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change	

	Upper KS2 – Route B		
Term	Topic	Currículum Objectives to be covered	
Autumn 1	Y6 Light and sight	NC Year 6- recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines	
_	WWW. Sugrice	NC Year 6- explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes	
		NC Year 6- explain why shadows have the same as the objects that cast them.	
Autumn 2	Y5 Separating mixtures	NC Year 5 - know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution	
	,	NC Year 5- use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating.	
Spring 1	Y5 Forces	NC Year 5- explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object	
		NC Year 5- identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces	
		NC Year 5- recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect	
Spring 2	Y6 Classifying Living	NC Year 6- describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals	
	Things	NC Year 6- give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics	
Summer	Y5 Earth	NC Year 5- describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the	
15 Summer	and Space	solar system	
2		NC Year 5- describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth	
		NC Year 5- descríbe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies	
		NC Year 5- use the ídea of the Earth's rotatíon to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky	